



# The acoustics of rooms for music rehearsal and performance – the Norwegian approach

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## Norway is a relatively small country

- 5,2 mill people
- but a very rich and widespread music life
  - Lots of local amateur groups
- Up to 500.000 people playing, singing or arrange concerts in one week





#### We use **MANY** rooms

- Each week in Norway we use **more than 10.000 rooms** 
  - Most of theese rooms not originally designed for music, but are schools, youth clubs, churches, local civic houses etc
- Music matters and the acoustics in the rooms matters
- Each week **40 million choir singers** in Europe og to choir rehearsals
- Mostly rehearsal purposes, also many concert rooms
  - Concert halls > 500 seats not included
- ■85% not suitable for their music use





## The importance of suitable rehearsal rooms

- Rehearsal room is the main basis for the activity «home ground»
- Most important: hear myself and the others
- Acoustics in the room suited for my kind of activity
- The joy of playing and singing
- Acoustics crucial for the musical quality of the ensemble
- For recruiting new members





## The importance of suitable concert rooms

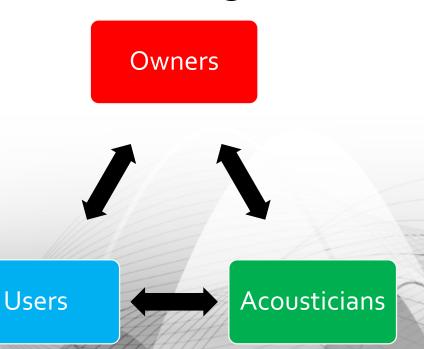
- The concerts are our «show rooms» we want to present ourselves well for the community, our friends, the public
- Our pay-back to the society
- Good local happenings, events, performances contributes to a good life in our community, a good place to live
- An important arena for recruitment





## Our succes criterion no 1: a close longterm relationship between the users, the owners and acoustic consultants

#### Our Golden triangel



#### Owners:

Municipalities, local governments, organizations, school owners etc.

#### Users:

Choirs, bands, accordeon groups, music school, professonal musicians, audience

#### Acousticians:

Knowledge about music, about rooms and sound in room





#### http://database.musikk lokaler.no/map

- 600 room acoustical measurement reports
- Covering 13 counties
- Standardized method and report –
  including reverberation time and room strength (G)
- Registered in a joint database 440.000 data
- All reports in google map, for download (in Norwegian)
- Working on a «light version» hope to cover as many rooms as possible





## Norwegian Standard NS8178:2014 Acoustic criteria for rooms and spaces for music rehearsal and performance Target groups

- Municipalities and local governments
- Architects and advisors
- Construction companies
- Acoustic consultants
- Music organizations, conductors and concert organizers
- Amateurs and professional musicians



## Norwegian Standard NS8178:2014 From small rehearsal room to 500 seats concert

- Rooms that are used for live music
  - For practice rooms, teaching, rehearsals with/without conductor
  - For concert rooms, club scenes and rooms up to 500 seats/1000 standing
- In all kind of buildings
  - Schools, civic houses, community centres, youth clubs, culture houses, churches, congregation rooms etc
- NOT specific concert halls, opera houses, or concert arenas for more than 500 seats





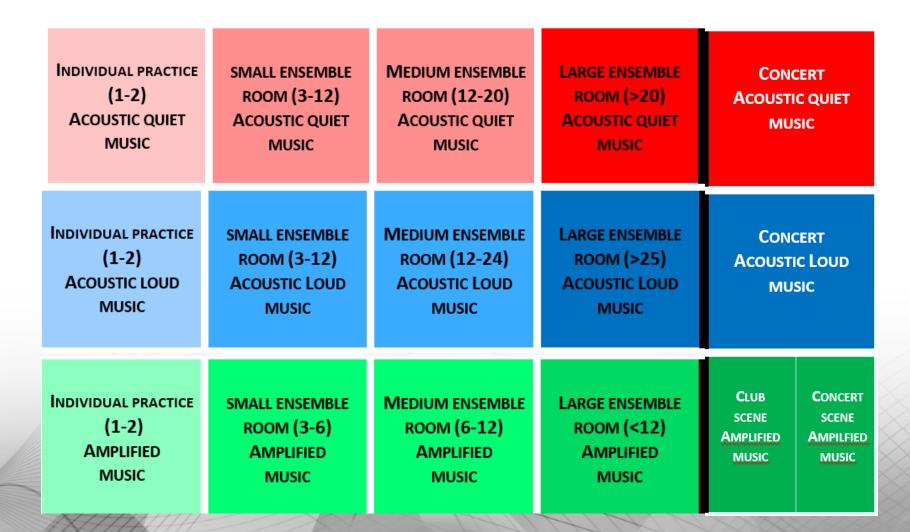
### Norwegian Standard NS8178:2014 Overview

- According to the MUSIC GENRE and ENSEMBLE SIZE there are specific demands for
  - ROOM VOLUME, DIMENSIONS AND GEOMETRY
  - ACOUSTCTREATMENT of the room surfaces (walls/ceiling)
  - REVERBERATION TIME
  - BACKGROUND NOISE LEVEL
  - STRENGTH (G) is also discussed





## NS8178 – 3 genres, 5 room categories



15 room categories in all



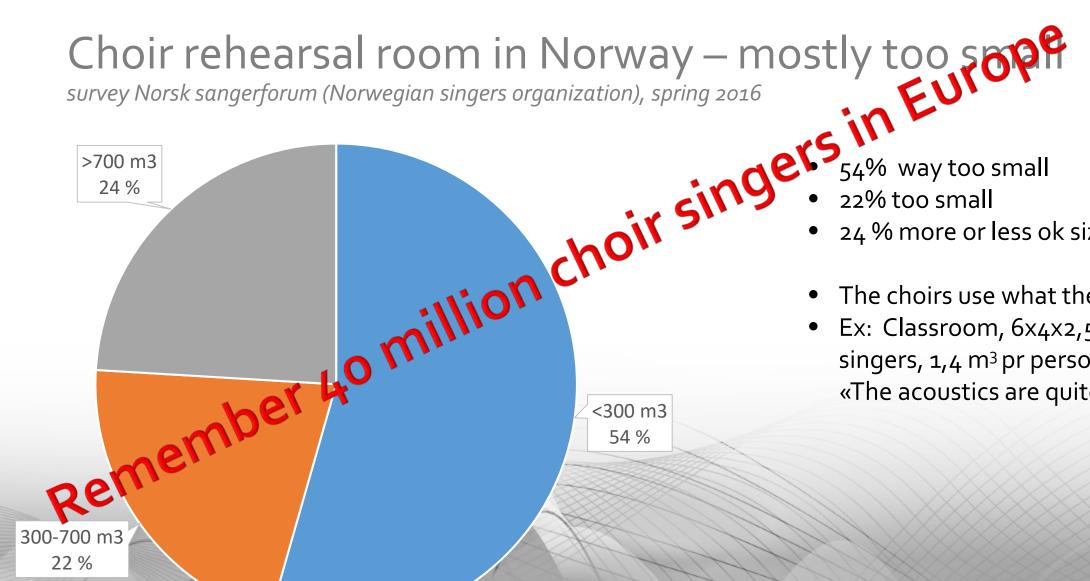
#### **ROOM VOLUME** – criterion no 1:

## 600 acoustic reports:

#### Too small rehearsal rooms – Also concert room problem

- Acoustic soft ensembles
  - NS8178 choirs: min 700 m<sup>3</sup>
- Acoustic loud ensembles
  - NS8178 wind bands: min 1000 m³ min 30 m³ pr musician
    - -CMON recommend: +50% for adults
    - NB: min 1500 m³ for brass bands, min 1800 m³ for symphony orchestras
- Studios and teaching rooms in music schools also too small
  - NS8178: use small ensemble room category for education, not practice cell





- 24 % more or less ok size
- The choirs use what they can get
- Ex: Classroom, 6x4x2,5 (60 m<sup>3</sup>), 43 singers, 1,4 m<sup>3</sup> pr person, «The acoustics are quite ok»)



## NS8178 – VOLUMES for rehearsal

	Individual practice	Small ensemble and teaching	Medium Ensesmble	Full ensemble
Acoustic soft	1-2 musicians	3-12 musicians	12-20 musicians	>20 choir, string orch 20-35
	>30 m <sup>3</sup>	>45 m <sup>3</sup> - 120 m <sup>3</sup>	>200 m <sup>3</sup>	>700 m <sup>3</sup>
Acoustic loud	1-2 musicians	3-12 musicians	12-24 musicians	>25 musicians
	>40 m <sup>3</sup>	>45 m³ - 360 m³	>360 m <sup>3</sup> >500m <sup>3</sup> - bigband	>1000 m <sup>3</sup> >1500 m <sup>3</sup> - brassband >1800 m <sup>3</sup> - symph For all min >30 m <sup>3</sup> pr musician
Amplified	1-2 musicians	3-6 musicians	6-12 musicians	>12 musicians
	>25 m <sup>3</sup>	>60 m <sup>3</sup>	>180 m <sup>3</sup>	>400 m <sup>3</sup>



## NS8178 – VOLUMES for concert

	Audience	Volume	Volume pr person
Acoustic soft	100 – 500 audiece	>1500 m <sup>3</sup> – 6500 m <sup>3</sup>	12 m³/person incl musicians
Acoustic loud	100 – 500 audience	>2000 m <sup>3</sup> – 6500 m <sup>3</sup>	10 m³/person incl musicians
Amplified - club	100 – 500 audience	>300 m <sup>3</sup> – 800 m <sup>3</sup>	
Amplified – scene	200 – 1000 audience	>600 m <sup>3</sup> – 1000 m <sup>3</sup>	





## ROOM GEOMETRY – criterion no 2 600 acoustic reports: Some problems

- Enough room height (not as problematic as one might expect)
  - NB: Choirs rehearsing in rooms with way to low room height
- Some rooms too long and narrow
- NO NARROW THEATRE STAGE OPENING!
- Concert rooms with retractable seat construction, too low height above the rear seats



## NS8178 – DIMENSIONS

	Individual practice	Small ensem and teaching	Medium ensem	Full ensemble	Concert
Acoustic soft - height	2,7 m	>3,5 m	>4,5 m	> 5 m	6 – 12 m
Area	15 M²			>120 m <sup>2</sup> + 2 m <sup>2</sup> pr musician	Stage >75 m <sup>2</sup>
Acoustic loud – height	2,7 m	>3,5 m	>4,5 m	> 5 m	8 – 12 m
Area	15 M²			>120 m² + 2 m² pr musician	Stage >100 m²
Amplified – height	2,7 m	>2,7 m	>3 m	> 4 m	Club scene: 4-6 m Concert room: 4-10 m
Area		>20 m²	>60 m²	>100 m²	Club scene: 100-200 m <sup>2</sup> Club scene, stage: > 30 m <sup>2</sup> Concert room: > 150 m <sup>2</sup> Concert room, stage: > 50 m <sup>2</sup>

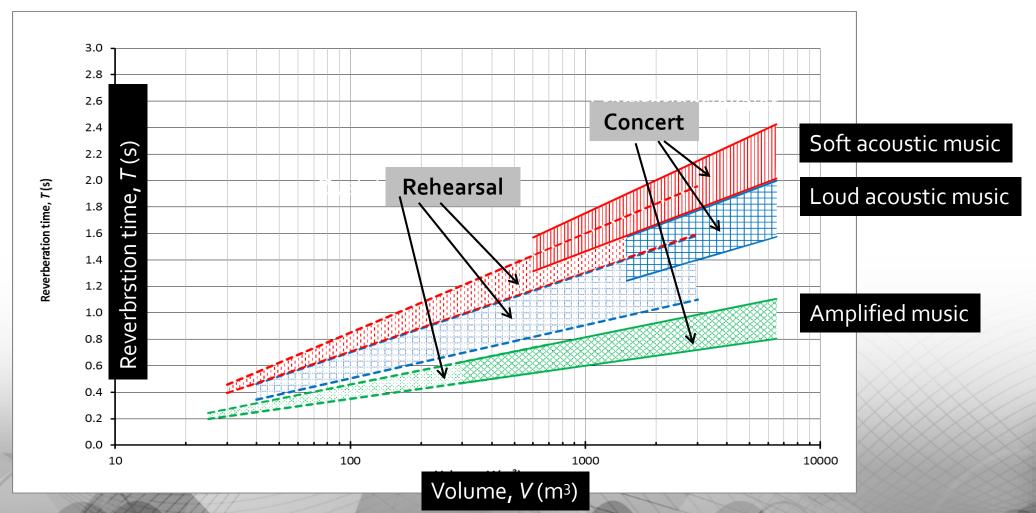


## **REVERBERATION TIME** – criterion number 3 600 acoustic reports: **Major** problems

- Main challenge in concert rooms: to PRIORITIZE ONE MAIN USE
- Main challenge 1: «Narrow theatre stage opeing» (should be BANNED)
- Main challenge 2: Soft acoustic ensembles much too short reverberation time
- Main challenge 3: : Loud acoustic ensembles much too long reverberation time
- Main challenge 4 : Amplifired music too long bass reverberation (125 Hz)
- Good news: If criteria 1+2 is ok, not too expensive to fix the conditions in rehearsal rooms



## NS 8178 — Reverberation time at mid frequencies







## Room strength – G (dB)

- Contribute much to a good acoustic description of music rooms in rehearsal rooms as well as in concert rooms
- Our measurments includes calibratied G in all rooms for acoustic music
- Correlation net volume, medium absorpsion factor and absorption sureface area
- How to balance reverberation time versus strength
- LOUD music not too much room strenght
- SOFT music enough room strenght

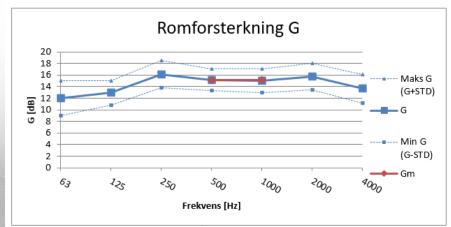




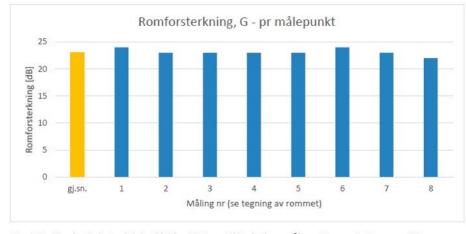
## Room strength rehearsa rooms – 2 exemples



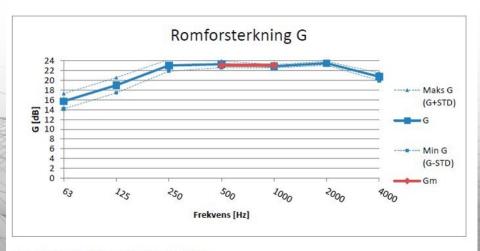
Figur 7.1: Romforsterkning (G) (middel for 500Hz og 1kHz for hver måleposisjon samt gjennomsnitt)



Figur 7.2: Romforsterkning (G) pr frekvensbånd, samt standardavvik



Figur 7.1: Romforsterkning (G) (middel for 500Hz og 1kHz for hver måleposisjon samt gjennomsnitt)



Figur 7.2: Romforsterkning (G) pr frekvensbånd



## ACOUSTIC ADAPTATION – criterion number 4 600 acoustic reports: Big variations througout the room

- Many rooms have little diffusion
- Echo effects, medium bothersome
- Retractable seats in concert rooms:
  - Significantly different acoustical conditions with seats out or in. Retracted seats: strong echoes + much longer reverberation time
  - Too small room height on top of the rear seats
- Other type of complex acoustic problems



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## **BACKGROUND NOISE** – criterion number 5 600 acoustic reports: High background noise levels

- Most rooms have too high background noise level according to NS8178/NS8175
  - Rooms 500-2000 m³ an average of 36 dBA, 30% above 40 dBA, only 20% 30 dBA or lower
- Main problems: Ventilation and heat pumps
- Light transformers AS WELL in rehearsal rooms as in concert rooms
- Tonal character of the noise especially disturbing
- Partly poor sound insulation sound getting into the room as well as sound from the room disturbing others

spilleglede



